JUL 13 2020

2019 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

		10001 04 valuer	
		008000 Public Water System Name	
		List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this	s CCR
a Consum must be n request.	ner Confidence mailed or deliv Make sure you	cing Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System to Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population of the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, on follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must Rand Certification to the MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply	tion served by the PWS, this CCR or provided to the customers upon temail, fax (but not preferred) or
□ Cu	stomers were	e informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication	n, water bill or other)
		☐ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement	t)
		☐ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)	
		☐ Email message (Email the message to the address below)	
		□ Other	
I	Date(s) custor	mers were informed: / /2020 / /2020	/ /2020
	CR was distr nethods used	ributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must	specify other direct delivery
Ι	Date Mailed/I	Distributed:/	
П СС	CR was distril	buted by Email (Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed:	
		□ As a URL	(Provide Direct URL)
		☐ As an attachment	
		☐ As text within the body of the email message	
1	Name of New	ished in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof wspaper; The Consolvative ed:	of of publication)
			sted: / / 2020
	CR was poste	ed on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address:	
I hereby of above and and correct of Health,	d that I used disct and is consist. Bureau of Pub	e CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system istribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the inforstent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials blic Water Supply 7/3/6 sidem, Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.)	mation included in this CCR is true
		Submission options (Select one method ONLY)	

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

Not a preferred method due to poor clarity

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2020!

6/22/2020 CCR Report Preview



TOWN OF VAIDEN CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT

Is my water safe?

We are pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). This report is designed to provide details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791).

Where does my water come from?

We are pleased to present to you this year's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This report is a snapshot of last years water quality. Included are details about where our water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water and to providing you with this information, because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is groundwater. Our wells draw from the Wilcox Aquifer.

Source water assessment and its availability

A Source Water Assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of the drinking water supply and to identify potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water supply and is available upon request. The wells for the Town of Valden have received moderate susceptibility rankings.

Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity: microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses; organic Chemical Contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems; and radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

How can I get involved?

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water, please contact Mayor Melvin Hawthorne at (662) 464-5266.

We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held at 7:00 P.M. on the first Nonday of each month at Town Hall.

Description of Water Treatment Process

Your water is treated by disinfection. Disinfection involves the addition of chlorine or other disinfectant to kill dangerous bacteria and microorganisms that may be in the water. Disinfection is considered to be one of the major public health advances of the 20th century.

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. TOWN OF VAIDEN is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Water Quality Data Table

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. Although many more contaminants were tested, only those substances listed below were found in your water. All sources of drinking water contain some naturally occurring contaminants. At low levels, these substances are generally not harmful in our drinking water. Removing all contaminants would be extremely expensive, and in most cases, would not provide increased protection of public health. A few naturally occurring minerals may actually improve the taste of drinking water and have nutritional value at low levels. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not vary significantly from year to year, or the system is not considered vulnerable to this type of contamination. As such, some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old. In this table you will find terms and abbreviations that might not be familiar to you. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the definitions below the table.

	MCLG or	MCL, TT, or	Detect In Your	Ra	nge	Sample		
Contaminants	MRDLG	MRDL	Water	Low	High	Date	Violation	Typical Source
Disinfectants & Disi	nfection By	-Produc	ts					
(There is convincing	evidence the	at additio	n of a dis	sinfect	ant is n	ecessary	for control	of microbial contaminants)
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	4	4	.4	NA	5	2019	No	Water additive used to control microbes
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) (ppb)	NA	60	17	NA	NA	2017	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Inorganic Contamin	ants							
Barium (ppm)	2	2	.0072	NA	.0073	2019	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Chromium (ppb)	100	100	.5	NA	1.5	2019	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits
Sodium (optional) (ppm)	NA		70	NA	73	2019	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching

Contaminants	MCLG	AL	Your Water		# Samples Exceeding AL		Typical Source
Inorganic Contaminants	***			*			
Copper - action level at consumer taps (ppm)	1.3	1.3	.2	2019	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Lead - action level at consumer taps (ppb)	0	15	0	2019	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

Undetected Contaminants
The following contaminants were monitored for, but not detected, in your water.

	MCLG or	MCL, TT, or	Your		
Contaminants	MRDLG	MRDL	Water	Violation	Typical Source
TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes] (ppb)	NA	80	ND	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection

nit Descriptions		
Term	Definition	
ppm	ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)	
ppb	ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (μg/L)	
NA	NA: not applicable	
ND	ND: Not detected	
NR	NR: Monitoring not required, but recommended.	

Important I	Prinking Water Definitions								
Term	Definition								
MCLG	MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.								
MCL	MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.								
TT	TT: Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.								
AL	AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.								
Variances and Exemptions	Variances and Exemptions: State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.								
MRDLG	MRDLG: Maximum residual disinfection level goal. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.								
MRDL	MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.								
MNR	MNR: Monitored Not Regulated								
MPL	MPL: State Assigned Maximum Permissible Level								

For	more	informs	tion	nlease	contact:
T. OI	MINIC	TITIOI ITE	LLIVII	DICUSE	contact.

Contact Name: MELVIN HAWTHORNE Address: P. O. BOX 76

Address: P. O. BOX 76 VAIDEN, MS 39176 Phone: (662) 464-5266 THE REAL PROPERTY.

District's goal is to have a traditional

BY TERESA JACKSON

1 Palamuist

It's a Great Day to be a Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District Tiger!

I can hardly believe this is the last full week of June. The summer is going by so quickly as we are busy preparing for the reopening of our schools. We will announce the plan on or before July 6. This will give school and district leaders time to meet with the COVID-19 Task Force, gather more information, and listen to the concerns of our parents and community.

The goal is to have a traditional schedule while using CDC guidance for reducing the spread of COVID-19. Importantly, 80 percent of parents who responded to the district's survey supported the traditional schedule with 8 percent stating that their children have health issues that would impact their decision to attend.

On Monday, June 22, WMCSD leaders met with the Winona Ministerial Alliance to develop a plan and partnership in order to

better serve our nearly 1,300 students and their families. We understand that to educate our students, we must first meet their basic needs and form caring relationships with

them and their families. Any church leader who would like to be a part of this outreach can call the Superintendent's Office at 283-3731 ext. 1.

Welcome new faculty and staff

Cheek out our website and Facebook page to see all our new faculty and staff members. We extend a warm TIGER welcome to all our new employees!

Grab-and-Go Meals
Please take advantage of

GRAB-and-GO meals. Our outstanding cafeteria staff, under the direction of Child Nutrition Supervisor Betty Forrest, is serving meals on Mondays (two breakfasts and two lunches) and Wednesdays (three breakfasts and two lunches) from 10:30 a.m. – 12 p.m. at Winona Elementary School at 513

Applegate Street, Winona.

- All children under 18 eat free.
- Children do not have to be WMCSD students to participate.
 - No walk ups will be allowed.
 - Food safety instructions will be included.

Registration

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Registration for returning students is online from June 8 through June 26. First, parents/guardians of returning students must create a new ActiveParent account by going to w inonamontgomeryesd.com. Choose the Parent Tab, click on

ActiveParent, and follow the directions to create a new ActiveParent account for the 2020-2021 school year.

Summer Learning Puckets

Summer learning packets are available on the website at w inonamontgomeryesd.com and for pick up at the schools. Drop off in bins in front of the school June 1-30.



Dr. Teresa Jackson

TOWN OF VAIDEN CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT

Is my water safe?

We are pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as required by the Sale Drinking Water Act (SDIVA). This report is designed to provide details about where your water comes from what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. This report is a snapshot of that year's water quality. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our dest allies.

Do I need to take special precautions?

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Where does my water come from?

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	MCLG	MCI-	ln .	Ra	122] :
Confamilianis	MRDLG	TT, or MRD1.	Your Water	1,014	High	Sumple Dute
Disinfectants & Di:	sinfection By	-Produc	15			
(There is convincing	evitionee th	u additio	a of a di	rinfect	ani is n	iccessiny
Chlorine (as C12) (ppm)	4	1	14.	NА	.5	2019
Haloscetic Acids (HAAS) (ppb)	NA	61)	12	NA	NA	2017
Inorganic Contami	nanis					-
Hanvin (Pper)	2	2	0072	Nak	10(13)3	2610
Chromium (ppb)	108	100	3	NA	1_5	Stirry

Contaminonis	MCLG	AL.	Your Water	Sample Date	# Sampl Exceedi: AL
Inorganic Contaminants		_			
Copper - action level at secondor raps (pum)	1,3	13	.2	2014	0
Fold - action takel to consumer	()	15	0	2019	6

Sedium (option :1)

Undetected Conta

The following contaminants were monitored for, but not detect

Conforminants	MCLG or MRDLG		Your Water	Z,
TTHMs (Total Teleatoinethanes) (ppb)	NA	80	ND	Г

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	MCLG	MCI.	Detect In		nge			,	
Contaminants	MRDLG			Low	High	Sumple Dute	Violation	Typical Source	
Disinfectants & Di	Infection By	-Produc	ti	-	-	-		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
				infect	unt (x II	ecessary.	for control	of interobial contaminants)	
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppas)	4	4	.4	NA	,5	2019	No	Water additive used to control microbes	
Halmcetic Acids (HAA51 (ppb)	NA	¢0	17	NA	NA	2017	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination	
Inorganic Contami	nants	-		-			-		
Вагиш (грги)	2	2	.0072	NA	6073	2019	No	Discharge of drilling wastes, Discharge from metal refineries; livesian of natural deposits	
(Insmium (ppb)	100	100	5	NA	1.5	2019	Nο	Discharge from steel and pulp nulls: Brosion of natural deposits	
Sodium (ophonal) (ppm)	NA		76	NA	73	2019	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching	

Contaminants	MCLG	AL	Your. Water	Sample	■ Samples Exceeding AL		Typical Source
Inorganic Contaminants							- Approximately
Copper - action level at consumer tapa (ppm)	1.3	area.	-3	2019	Ú	340	Company of Reasonal plamble; systems. It was a situated symbols
Lead - action level at consumer	0	15	U	2019	Ŋ	No	oir son of household plumbing tenn. Fromon of natural deposits

Undetected Contaminants
The following contaminants were monitored for, but not detected, in your water.

Containinents	MRDLG	TT, or	Your		Typical Source
THMs (Total Tribalomethenes) (ppb)	NA	80	ND	No	By-product of drinking water dixInfection

Term					
	Definition				
Shin	ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)				
ppb	ppb; parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (18g/L)				
NA	NA: not applicable				
מא	ND: Not detected				
NR	NR: Manitoring not required, but recommended,				

Term	Definition
MCLG	MCI.Q: Miximum Conteminant Level Goal: The level of a contiminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
MCL	MCL: Maximum Continuinant Level; The highest level of a contominant that is allowed in drinking water, MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
ΤT	TT: Treatment Technique, A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water
AL	AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
Variances und Exemptions	Variances and Exemptions: State or EPA permission not to meet on MCL or a treatment technique under certain
MRDLO	MRDLG: Maximum residual disinfection level goal. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health, MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
MRDL	MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking swater. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
MNR	MNR: Manitored Not Regulated
	MPL: State Assigned Maximum Permistible Level

For more information please contact:

Contact Name: MELVIN HAWTHORNE Address: P. O. BOX 76 VAIDEN, MS 39176 Phone: (662) 464-5266